

# **Working Group 1**

# **Threat/Damage Prevention**

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# Attendance Breakdown

Approximate total attendance	58
Operators (Dist/Trans)	18/7
Regulators	3
Academia	12
Service Company	9
Technology Provider	4
Press	0
Research Institute	5

# Top Identified R&D Gaps

- Gap #1 – (Technology) Capture of accurate location of legacy existing assets
- Gap #2 – (Technology and General Knowledge) Predictive analytics to sort the major risks using multiple data sources
- Gap #3 – (General Knowledge) Adoption of best practices and education of public
- Gap #4 – (Technology and General Knowledge) Broad use of GPS with accuracy standards

# Associated Details

## (Gap #1)

Capture of accurate location of legacy existing assets

### 1. New or Improved Technology

a. What pipeline type(s) does the technology target?

**All pipelines (nonmetallic and metallic)**

b. What operating environment(s) would the technology operate?

**All operating pipeline environments**

c. What are any functionality and or performance requirements?

**Accuracy (<1ft), user friendly, verifiable**

d. What road blocks or barriers prevent the technology deployment?

**Locating plastics, reliability, user knowledge, cost, speed, system integration**

e. What are anticipated targets or timeframes to complete this research?

**1-3 years**

# Associated Details

## (Gap #2)

Predictive analytics to sort the major risks using multiple data sources

### 1. New or Improved Technology

a. What pipeline type(s) does the technology target?

**All pipelines**

b. What operating environment(s) would the technology operate?

**All**

c. What are any functionality and or performance requirements?

**90-95%**

d. What road blocks or barriers prevent the technology deployment?

**Data silo mentality, communication, legal framework/liability**

e. What are anticipated targets or timeframes to complete this research?

**1-3 years**

### 3. Creation and Dissemination of General Knowledge

a. What pipeline type(s) does the new knowledge target?

**All**

b. What operating environment(s) does the new knowledge target?

**All**

c. What technical details or scope items are necessary and recommended?

**Excavation activity (or planned), economic activity (permits and forecasting), past performance of excavators, leading indicator**

d. Can any targets or timeframes be identified to complete this research?

**Substantial database of input data (One Call)**

# Associated Details

## (Gap #3)

Adoption of best practices and education of excavators and public

### Creation and Dissemination of General Knowledge

c. What technical details or scope items are necessary and recommended?

**More authoritative best practice/faster practice, PHMSA stamp of approval**

# Associated Details

## (Gap #4)

Broad use of GPS with accuracy standards

### 1. New or Improved Technology

a. What pipeline type(s) does the technology target?

**All**

b. What operating environment(s) would the technology operate?

**All**

c. What are any functionality and or performance requirements?

**<1ft, ease of use, speed, cost, integrated systems**

d. What road blocks or barriers prevent the technology deployment?

**Urban canyons, tree cover, cloud cover**

e. What are anticipated targets or timeframes to complete this research?

**1-5 years**

### 3. Creation and Dissemination of General Knowledge

a. What pipeline type(s) does the new knowledge target?

**All**

b. What operating environment(s) does the new knowledge target?

**All**

c. What technical details or scope items are necessary and recommended?

**Accuracy, ease of use, validation, data uniformity, scalability**

d. Can any targets or timeframes be identified to complete this research?

**1-5 years**

# Additional Identified Gaps

## • Identification of higher than anticipated degradation of materials in pipeline systems

- New assets should be locatable
- Accurate mapping of underground facilities
- Standardization of pipeline localization
- Technology deployment
- Miniaturization and reliability of cameras
- IoT for remote monitoring
- Cost reduction and plug and play of encroachment detection
- Combined systems for encroachment detection (camera and fiber optic)
- Regulations to support safer installation addressing the root cause of damage prevention
- Analyze root causes of threats and damage preventions
- Predictive modelling from the data that are already available
- River crossing/river behavior sensor to detect erosion
- Data repository (standard)
- Design integrating ground movement threats
- Under canopy encroachment

# Additional Identified Gaps (cont)

- Outreach and education
- Accuracy of pipe location
- Standardization of localized tools using RFID (or equiv) markers
- Application of breakaway fittings for earthquake
- IoT for intelligent shut-off valves
- Trenchless best practices dissemination
- Vacuum excavation best practices dissemination
- High accuracy GPS collection and mapping of assets
- Using routine maintenance opportunities to GPS record assets
- Collecting depth of cover assets
- Standardization of GPS data quality
- Making the GPS mapping technology usable by construction crews
- Integration of GPS mapping GIS in real time and workflow
- Review of regulation that are in place and result in an increase of risk
- Use of IR wave lengths to confirm equipment activity
- Leading indicator tracking combined with patrolling and surveys
- Integration of imagery and manual process for threat detection

# Additional Identified Gaps (cont)

- Improved GPS signal in urban areas
- Software analysis for quality feedback about GPS coordinate collection
- Mapping assets through inline inspection associated with video
- Early coordination with utilities before construction
- Risk based for data collection and exchange with construction companies
- Integration of multiple sensors (Lidar, imagery, radar, etc) +data fusion
- Practice of field inspection
- GPR with enough power (FCC)
- User friendly interface to deploy construction crew
- Use of drones for collecting data about construction work
- Highway railroad crossing and longitudinal
- Harsh environment impact on PE
- Creep under constant P on PE
- Sharing data about the pipeline locations: education, quality quantification/standard
- Data standard for utility exchange of information
- Education and enforcement: Gold shovel standard
- Connections with construction training and programs